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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)		
	09/886,071	TOPFL ET AL.		
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit		
	DOHM CHANKONG	2452		
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with th	e correspondence address		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perio - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICAT (1.136(a)). In no event, however, may a reply be will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS fute, cause the application to become ABANDO	ON. e timely filed rom the mailing date of this communication. DNED (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status				
1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 13 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ The 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under	nis action is non-final. vance except for formal matters,	•		
Disposition of Claims				
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1,6,11 and 16 is/are pending in the 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdr 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1, 6, 11, and 16 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	rawn from consideration.			
Application Papers				
9) The specification is objected to by the Examination The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) and a specificant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction. 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the I	ccepted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. ection is required if the drawing(s) is	See 37 CFR 1.85(a). objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 				
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summ Paper No(s)/Mai 5) Notice of Inform 6) Other:			

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DETAILED ACTION

1. This action is in response to Applicant's request for continued examination, filed on 11/13/2008. Claims 1, 6, 11, and 16 are amended and are presented for further examination.

2. This action is a non-final rejection.

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

3. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 11/13/2008 has been entered.

Response to Arguments

4. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1, 6, 11, and 16 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

- 5. Claims 1, 6, 11, and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. These claims recite "a predetermined threshold value associated with business rules which factor a level of risk of retrieving data...and the associated hardware cost of cache memory." As written, the limitation suggests that the threshold is associated with two features: the level of risk and the associated hardware cost. However, according to Applicant's specification, the associated hardware cost is an example of the level of risk of retrieving data [pg. 7, 0020: "The level of risk may be attributed to, for example, the hardware cost of memory"]. Therefore, the claims should be rewritten to reflect the functionality found in the specification.
- 6. Claims 1, 6, 11, and 16 are also rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the enablement requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention. As discussed above, the claims have been amended to recite a predetermined threshold value associated which factors a level of risk of retrieving data that may not be used where the level of risk is attributed to "the hardware cost of cache memory." It is unclear how the level of risk is to be calculated from the hardware cost of cache memory (if the hardware cost is high, is the level of risk high?); the relationship between the level of risk (and the threshold) and the hardware cost of memory is not

explained in Applicant's specification. Nor does the specification explain what is meant by "hardware cost." One of ordinary skill in the art in reading the specification would not known how to implement the threshold value based on the hardware cost of memory. Thus, the claims are rejected for failing to comply with the enablement requirement.

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

7. Claims 1, 6, 11, and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. These claims lack proper antecedent basis: "the associated hardware cost of cache memory."

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 8. Claims 1, 6, 11, and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C §103(a) as being unpatentable over Horvitz, U.S Patent No. 6.182.133, in view of Takagi et al, U.S Patent No. 5.881.231 ["Takagi"], in further view of Barrett et al, U.S Patent No. 5.727.129 ["Barrett"] in further view of Malkin et al, U.S. Patent No. 6.085.193 ["Malkin"].

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9. Malkin was cited in the PTO-892 filed on 7/18/2006.

10. As to claim 1, Horvitz discloses a system for facilitating communication between a user

and a network of information items, comprising:

a remote data storage device for storing the information items, wherein the

information items are stored in the form of pages, and wherein the pages contain a plurality of

links to other information items [column 47 «lines 9-34» where: Horvitz's web server

corresponds to a remote data storage device];

a multi-layer architecture comprising:

a client device having a user interface program thereon, for allowing a user to

interface with the network and request the information items [column 8 «lines 16-59»];

a server device, in communication with the client device and in communication

with the remote storage device, for handling information requests from multiple clients

and for storing information retrieved from the data storage devices locally in a server

cache memory [column 26 «lines 30-44» where : Horvitz's proxy server corresponds to

the claimed server device];

a data collection module for collecting and storing successive actions of a single

particular authenticated user [Figure 6 | column 24 «line 43» to column 25 «line 30» | column 27

«lines 18-20» where : prefetching is based on user models that rely upon, in part, current and

prior interaction of the user and recent sequences of pages downloaded to a user];

a probability module in communication with the data collection module for calculating a probability for the desirability of the links based on the action of the single particular user [Figure 6 | Figure 16 «items 1610, 1615» | column 27 «lines 18-20] and for comparing the probability to a predetermined threshold value associated with a level of risk of retrieving data that may not be used to identify predicted links [column 4 «line 63» to column 5 «line 18» : see response to arguments above for analysis comparing Horvitz's rate of refinement to the claimed level of risk] and for retrieving the predicted information items associated with the links from the remote data storage devices [column 4 «lines 30-36»] and enabling the storage of the predicted information on both the client device layer and the server device layer of the multi-layer architecture in advance of the single particular user's request for the selected information items [column 4 «lines 20-47» | column 26 «lines 30-44»], the probability module further configured to:

update the probabilities assigned to the links with each successive user activity [column 4 «lines 4-12» | column 9 «lines 59-62» where : the user model reflects the probabilities of pages that may be prefetched];

abort retrieving the predicted information items [column 4 «lines 50-62» | column 5 «lines 11-18»];

continue retrieving the predicted information items from the remote data storage devices and storing the predicted information items in the server cache memory if the user requests the predicted information item [column 41 «lines 25-41»];

download the user requested information item to the client from the server cache memory [column 26 «lines 30-44»];

wherein the probability is calculated based solely on the actions of the single particular user and not as a member of a larger set of users [column 27 «lines 18-20» | column 41 «lines 44-67»].

Horvitz does not teach a single particular user that is authenticated or the feature of aborting retrieval of predicted items if the user requests an information item other than the predicted information items. In the same field of invention, Takagi is directed towards a system for prefetching information [abstract]. Takagi further discloses first authenticating a user before collecting user actions [column 9 «lines 61-64»]. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Horvitz to include Takagi's user authentication feature. Takagi teaches that such a feature is beneficial to a prefetching system because it prevents user information from being leaked to other users [see Takagi, column 9 «lines 64-66»].

Further, Horvitz teaches aborting retrieval of predicted items but does not base the aborting feature on a user action. Barrett teaches a network data communication system wherein a probability module aborts the retrieval of predicted information items if the user requests an information item other than the predicted information items [abstract | Figure 7 < items 58, 64> | column 9 < lines 1-16>]. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to implement the functionality of module-initiated abortion of the retrieval of predicted information items in Horvitz's system. One would have been motivated to do this implementation to prevent unnecessary downloading of unwanted content in Horvitz's system based on a user action.

Finally, Horvitz does not teach a threshold value that is associated with a hardware cost of cache memory. Malkin teaches determining a threshold value based on the cost of cache

availability [column 19 «line 61» to column 20 «line 5»: prefetching based on cache size and access cost to adding additional cache memory to the system where the cache size reads on the hardware cost]. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have modified Horvitz's prefetch system to include Malkin's teachings. Such a modification is an example of using a known technique [Malkin's cache cost to determine prefetching] to improve similar devices (methods, or products) [Horvtiz's prefetch system] in the same way [adding the cache cost factor in Horvitz's calculus for prefetching links].

11. As to claims 6, 11, and 16, as they do not teach or further define over the previously claimed limitations, they are similarly rejected for at least the same reasons set forth for claim 1.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to DOHM CHANKONG whose telephone number is (571)272-3942. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday [8:30 AM to 4:30 PM].

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John Follansbee can be reached on 571.272.3964. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Dohm Chankong/ Examiner, Art Unit 2452